

If your little chickens are drooping, try lard and sulphur. The cause is very likely to be lice, and not any more complicated disease.

To preserve potatoes, they should be dried as soon as possible, and placed immediately in a position from which the sunlight is excluded.

The amount of hay required per head per day for cattle, while in transit from Boston to Liverpool, is about fifteen pounds, or 210 pounds for 14 days.

Those who have the means of knowing, are positive that Pennsylvania has suffered a loss of fully \$50,000 from pleuro-pneumonia.

Snow melts away upon drained lands sooner than on those undrained, hence the drained soils are ready for ploughing much sooner.

One reason why hens lay so few eggs in the winter, is that they are almost always insufficiently fed.

There are several methods of destroying lice on cattle. A very simple and harmless one is to apply an infusion made with quassa.

New Jersey has an area of about 5200 acres devoted to cranberry culture in Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic, Monmouth and Middlesex counties.

Ambergris is supposed to be a morbid secretion of the liver of sperm whales, found floating, or washed ashore, in Southern seas.

The great use of ambergris is in the manufacture of perfumery. Not that its fragrance is either very powerful or pleasing.

In some sections—and it would be a decided advantage in thoughtfulness and kindness in all sections—farmers give each of their boys, and girls, too, a strip of land to raise whatever they choose upon it.

The maternal affection of the whale, which in other respects is apparently a stupid animal, is striking and interesting.

A nice dish: Beef omelet, which is good for breakfast or tea, is made of one pound of chopped beef, two well-beaten eggs, three soda crackers rolled fine, three or four tablespoons of milk or cream.

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THE CHELSEA HERALD.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Annum, "ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY." Invariably in Advance.—Single Copies Five Cents.

VOL. X,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1881,

NO. 23,

THE AMATEUR FARMER.

I dreamt of a beautiful time
When the world shall happy be;
When the elephants and hyenas
Shall blossom on every tree;
When the tomatoes and potatoes
Shall cease their dreadful roar;
When turnip trees shall blossom
In the garden for ever more.

SAVED BY A CIRCUS RIDER

Broadway, brilliant and gay, as if there were nothing of poverty or human suffering in the world—as if none in the great city were familiar with hunger and sickness; as if there were never to be any awakening from a golden dream of luxury and pleasure.

PETROLEUM.

The audience applauded to the echo, and carried away by the excitement, he rashly determined to execute his most daring act, forgetting that the horse he rode had not been trained to them—was young and wild.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

The Cake Basket.
Rich soda cake: One pound of pulverized loaf sugar, mixed with three-quarters of a pound of sweet butter, the beaten whites of fourteen eggs and two teaspoonsful of cream of tartar sifted with a pound of flour, and lastly, a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in half a teaspoonful of sweet milk and strained; bake immediately.

HOME CONFECTIONERY.

It is perfectly natural, as everybody knows, for children to beg for lumps of sugar from the time when the baby first connects sugar with the bowl till years later when he is allowed to help himself.

APPLES AS FOOD.

Very few, probably, understand the nutritive value and the medicinal properties of good apples. To have them the most valuable, they must be eaten as food, as part of the meals—not at night, perhaps, lest this last meal or lunch should be too heavy.

THE MOTHER WHALE.

The maternal affection of the whale, which in other respects is apparently a stupid animal, is striking and interesting. The cub, being insensible to danger is easily harpooned, when the tender affection of the mother is so manifested as not unfrequently to bring it within reach of the whalers. Hence though a cub is of little value, yet it is sometimes struck as a snare for its mother.

WHO IS SHE?

There is a lady living in a little four-roomed cottage in the environs of Boston whose name is well known to literary people, writes a correspondent of Lippincott's. She depends wholly upon her own exertions for the support of herself and children, and does all her own housework, yet her cottage is the focus of the best society in the locality.

Legal Printing.—Persons having legal advertising to do, should remember that it is not necessary that it should be published at the county seat—any paper published in the county will answer. In all matters transpiring in this vicinity, the interest of the advertisers will be better served, by having the notices published in their home paper, than to take them to a paper that is not as generally read in their vicinity, besides it is the duty of every one to support home institutions as much as possible.

To Correspondents.—Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author, which we require, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.

All communications should be addressed to "THE HERALD," Chelsea, Washtenaw Co., Mich.

The Chelsea Herald.

CHELSEA, FEB. 10, 1881.

An Excellent Recommendation.

We give below a document that will be read with great satisfaction by the people of this county. The more intelligent class of citizens in all parts of the county have taken unusual interests in the history now being prepared by C. C. Chapman & Co., and will be gratified to learn that the able gentlemen composing the revisory committee give it their unqualified endorsement, and certify that it will be full, complete and authentic. These gentlemen are well fitted for the arduous duties and responsibilities devolving upon them in revising and correcting the manuscript. After several days of such labor, they heartily endorsed the work in the following language:

"The undersigned, members of the committee appointed by the President of the Pioneer Society to revise and correct the general history of Washtenaw County, now being compiled by C. C. Chapman & Co., of Chelsea, Mich., have for several days been engaged in reading & correcting the manuscript, and have uniformly found it to have been prepared with great care and diligence. The subject matter, which embraces every phase and channel of the county's history, we find to be fully, freely and impartially treated. The work is far more elaborate than we expected it would be, and we earnestly believe will be of great value and interest to the people of the county, and will give general satisfaction. In fact, it will be a history of which the citizens of Washtenaw County may well be proud. No means were used to make it accurate, and we feel confident that Messrs. Chapman & Co., with the able corps of historians, are doing good, honest work in Washtenaw County.

THOS. HOLMES, Chairman.
L. DAVIS,
J. C. GILLET,
HORACE CARPENTER.

MAN IN AMERICA.—Prof. Fowler, in a lecture upon the anatomy of man, before the Royal College of Surgeons, London, discussed the question of his origin on the American continent. He says:

"Till recently, opinions on the early peopling of America had been divided between the views that the inhabitants of this continent were a distinct indigenous people, and therefore not related to those of any other land; and that they were descended from an Asiatic people who, in comparatively recent times, passed into America by way of Behring's strait, and thence spread gradually over the whole continent. These theories have had to undergo considerable modifications in consequence of the discovery of the great antiquity of the human race in America as well as in the Old World. The proof of this antiquity rests upon the high and independent state of civilization which had been attained by the Mexicans and Peruvians at the time of the Spanish conquest, and the evidence that civilization had been preceded by several other stages of culture, following in succession through a great stretch of time. The antiquity of this quasi-historical period is, however, entirely thrown into the shade by the evidence now accumulating from various parts of North and South America, that man existed on the Western continent, and under much the same conditions of life, using precisely similar weapons and tools, as in Europe during the pleistocene or quarternary period and perhaps even farther back in time. Recent paleontological investigations show that an immense number of forms of terrestrial animals that were formerly supposed to be peculiar to the old world, are abundant in the New. Taking all circumstances into consideration, it is quite as likely that Asiatic man may have been derived from America as the reverse, or both have had their source in a common center, in some region of the earth now covered with thera-

What is Nickel?

Since the convenient 5-cent coin which in common talk is called "a nickel" has come into general circulation, the question above is asked either mentally or orally hundreds of times every day, and but few get an intelligent answer. In China and India, a white copper, called pack tong, has long been known and has been extensively used both there and in Europe for counterfeiting silver coin. About the year 1700 a peculiar ore was discovered in the copper mines of Saxony which had the appearance of being very rich, but in smelting it yielded no copper, and the miners called it kupper-nickel, or false copper. In 1754 Cronstadt announced the discovery of a new metal in kupper-nickel, to which he gave the name of nickel. It was in combination with arsenic from which he could relieve it only in parts. The alloy of nickel and arsenic which he obtained was white, brittle and very hard, and had a melting point nearly as high as cast iron. It was not until 1823 that pure nickel was obtained by analysis of German silver, which had for a number of years been produced at Suhl, in Saxony. Its composition was ascertained to be copper 10 parts, zinc 5, and nickel 4. If more nickel be used the alloy is as white as silver and unsusceptible of a very high polish, but becomes too brittle and hard to be hammered or rolled, and can be worked only by casting. Pure nickel is a white metal which tarnishes readily in the air. Unlike silver, it is not acted on by the vapor of sulphur, and even the strong mineral acids attract it but slightly. Nickel has the hardness of iron, like it, is strong magnetic properties, but cannot be welded, and is soldered with difficulty. Pure nickel has heretofore been used chiefly for plating, for which purpose its hardness and power to resist atmospheric influences admirably adapt it. Within the last year the French have succeeded in rolling the metal into plates, from which spoons and other table furniture may be pressed. Nickel bronze, which consists of equal parts of copper and nickel, with a little tin, may be cast into very delicate forms, and is susceptible of a high polish. Mines of nickel are worked in Chatham, Ct., and Lancaster, Pa., and it is said to be found at Mine La Motte, Mo., and at several places in Colorado and New Mexico, where but little attention is paid to it. It is extensively mined in Saxony and in Sweden, but the late discovery of a new ore (a silicate of nickel) in New Caledonia will probably suspend the use of the arsenical ores, and yet bring nickel into common use. Switzerland, and in the year 1852, made a coin of German silver, which is identical in composition with our nickel coin. The United States made nickel cents in 1856, and eight years later coined the 5-cent piece. Belgium adopted nickel coinage in 1860 and Germany in 1873. England has lately coined pennies for Jamaica, but home she and France adhere to the clumsy copper small change.

THE CATACOMBS OF PARIS.—The vast catacombs by which a large portion of the city of Paris are undermanned were only known by popular tradition until the year 1774, when some alarming accidents aroused the attention of the Government. The old quarries were then surveyed and plans of them taken, and the result was the frightful discovery that the churches, palaces and most of the southern part of Paris was undermined, and in great danger of sinking into the pit below them. A special commission was appointed, and on the very day it met a house in one of the streets sunk ninety-one feet below the level of its court-yard. The pillars which had been left by the quarrymen, in their blind operations, without any regularity, were in many places too weak for the enormous weight above, and in most places had themselves been undermined, or perhaps originally stood upon ground which had previously been hollowed. The aqueduct of Arcueil passed over this treacherous ground; it had already sustained some shocks, and, if the quarries had continued to be neglected, an accident must, sooner or later, have happened to this watercourse, which would have cut off its supply from the fountains of Paris, and have filled the excavations with water. Repairs were forthwith commenced, and a portion of the old quarries was devoted to receive the bones of the dead. This took place in April, 1786; the remains of the dead were removed at night in funeral cars, covered with a pall, and followed by priests chanting

Managing the Husband.

It is not in human nature for a man, who has been hard at work all day, to return to his home, toiled and weary, or with his mind agitated, after being filled with many little things, and to regard with complacency little matter that go away, but which at another time would not trouble him. The hard working man is too apt to regard as lazy those who work less than himself; and he, therefore, looks upon the slightest unreadiness or want of preparation on the part of his wife as neglect. Hence a woman, if she be wise, will be constantly prepared for the return of her husband. He, after all, is the bread-winner; and all that he requires is an attention less by far than we should ordinarily pay to a guest.

If the old Scotch song, which thrills our heart every time it is sung, and makes us remember the true worth and divinity of love, the wife's greatest pleasure is that of looking forward to the return of her husband. She puts on her best clothes and her sweetest smiles; she clothes her face with that fondness which only a wife's look can express; she makes her children look neat and pretty—gives little Kate her cotton gown, and Jock his Sunday coat—because the husband is returning. There is not a prettier picture throughout the wide range of literature. How her love breathes forth—

"See sweet his voice, see smooth his tongue!
His breath like cedar air;
His very foot hath music in't
As he comes up the stair."
And the love which thus colors with its radiant tints the common things of this life, which makes poverty beautiful, and the cottage richer than the palace, will be sure to teach the heart which possesses it how to manage the business.

CHEEK NEVER PAYS.—The race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong, or is it the man with the largest mouth who gets the most favors in this world. One afternoon a very quiet stranger entered a real estate office on Griswold street and softly asked if he could use a blotting-pad a moment. One was handed him, and he sat down to a table, looked around, and said: "Ah, thanks! but have you pen and ink?" They were furnished him. He tried the pen on the pad, shook the ink around, and modestly continued: "If you could spare a sheet of paper."

A sheet was landed him. He wrote a brief note, folded it up, and whispered: "I shall have to beg an envelope of you." An envelope was passed over, and when he had directed it, he looked all over the table, under the table, up at the ceiling, and inquired: "You couldn't lend me a stamp, could you?"

A three-center was handed out, and when it had been licked on, the stranger rose and started out, saying: "As you have no office boy I suppose I shall have to take this letter to the office myself."

THE NATURE OF AN OATH.—Early in the rebellion, when the Federal forces were stationed at Beaufort, S. C., there was an old darkey by the name of Lige Jackson, who, deserted by his master, was left to take care of himself as best he might. Lige was considered a chap of weak intellect, and moreover he was exceeding awkward in his attempts to play the role of a house servant. He smashed and destroyed pretty nearly everything he laid his hands upon, and having waited upon nearly every officer at the post, each in turn, after giving him the benefit of a good curing for his stupidity, turned him adrift.

It happened that Lige was a witness in a case that came before court martial, and being called up to give testimony, was objected to by the part of the defendant, who stated that he didn't believe the nigger was of sound mind.

"Stand up, Lige," said the court. "Do you understand the nature of an oath?" Lige scratched his wool for a moment, and then turning up at the whites of his eyes, replied: "Look a yee, marse; dis nigger has waited on bout haf ne ossfers since dey fum cum to dis place, and if he don't understand de nature of an of by dis time den dars no furtune in cussing."

The court considered Lige a competent witness.

Dr. Swing predicts that a woman will continue to grow in sweetness and beauty until the difference between her and an angel is less than one-half of an percent. This may be true, but somebody is going to get awful tired waiting for the coming of the millennium.

A Nevada critic, speaking of a harpist, said, "We never before knew there was so much music in a grid-iron."

The feller who likes to see brave things dun, generally neverdazzeny himself.

Our Budget.

A horse cannot say yes, but he can neigh. To avoid a miss take, always marry a widow. A life time of torture is often endured by the rheumatic. Their pangs may, however, be promptly relieved, and the disease eradicated, with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. For sale by all druggists.

Trusting to chants—expecting to get to heaven by singing. A Mr. Pagan was recently married to a Miss Crusian. In this particular case "what will the harvest be?"

In writing for the press, if you can't put fire into your writings, you had better put your writings into the fire. An editor, who was told that his last article was as clear as mud, said: "Well, that covers the ground, anyhow."

Thomas Myers, Bracebridge, writes: "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction in cases of coughs, colds, sore throat, burns, &c., immediate relief has been received by those who use it." For sale by all druggists.

She certainly had a pretty foot, but after all, it didn't make half so much impression on him as the old man's.

When he is 21, the boy is supposed to have outgrown the switch, but that is just the age when a girl begins to need one.

The best lip salve is a kiss. This remedy should be used with caution, as it is liable to bring on an affection of the heart.

EPIGRAPH. Here lies I and my three daughters, Killed by drinking Vicny waltz; If we had drunk to Epsom salts, We shouldn't be lying in these here vaults Or if Electric Oil we did try, We never should have gone and died. Sold by all druggists.

A Dutchman being asked how often he shaved, replied, "Dree times a week, every day but Sunday; den I shaves eflery tay."

A gentleman who had a scolding wife, in answer to an inquiry after her health, said she was pretty well, only subject at times to a "breaking out in the mouth."

No pious lady, who has the slightest regard for a man's soul, will ask him to guess how old she is.

GOSELL TRUTH.—He that is surety for a stranger, shall smart for it. But he that trusts in Spring Blossom for curing Liver, kidney and complaints of a like tendency, shall never be disappointed. Prices, 50c and \$1. Sold by W. R. Reed & Co.

The man who invented the gas-meter never thought he had found a perpetual motion. But he did, though. Just you leave home a couple of months, and you will find that mean while it goes right on, just like the salary of a clergyman who has gone to Europe for his health.

What earthly use is it, exclaimed a languid Washington swell the other morning, our twining to be aristocratic, monarchical and that sort of thing, when a Senator of the United States eats peanuts while ruing in the street cars. We're nothing out a dim'd horrid republic, after all!

A CRITICAL TIME. The reddest lips that ever were kissed, The brightest eyes that ever have shone, Will sometime be dimmed, and 'are sadly missed. When fever or headache come; But a tried there is, that is always true, And thousands its merit attest, In such critical times it will carry you through, Spring Blossom is cheapest and best. Prices, 50c and \$1. Sold by W. R. Reed & Co.

G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—Depots foot of Third street and foot of Brush street. Ticket office, 151 Jefferson avenue, and at the Depots.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Atlantic Ex. *4:00 a. m.	10:00 p. m.
Day Express *4:35 a. m.	*6:30 p. m.
Detroit & Buf. *5:00 a. m.	*7:15 a. m.
Falo Express *5:25 a. m.	*7:15 a. m.
N. Y. Express *7:00 p. m.	*9:45 a. m.
*Except Monday. *Sundays Excepted. Daily.	

W. H. FIRTH, Western Passenger Agent, Detroit
WM. EDGAR, Gen. Pass' Agt, Hamilton

The Michigan Central Railroad, with its connections at Chicago, affords the most direct and desirable route of travel from Michigan to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, etc. Michigan Central trains make sure and close connections at Chicago with through express trains on all Western lines. Rates will always be as low as the lowest. Parties going West this Spring will find it to their interest to correspond with Henry C. Wentworth, General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Line, at Chicago, who will cheerfully impart any information relative to routes, time of trains, maps and lowest rates. Do not purchase your tickets nor contract your freight until you have heard from the Michigan Central.

HELP Yourself by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay you more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STRINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

The damp weather and chilling winds of the approaching season subject all to exposure, no matter how ever healthy, we advise you to use our medicine, which is not properly attended to ends in Consumption. Bronchial Syrup is a positive cure. With but the nominal cost of 75 cents you procure this truly sovereign remedy. Bronchial Syrup is guaranteed by all druggists and dealers in medicine to give entire satisfaction. Try it and be convinced of its real merit.

Marceus Liver and Anti-Bilious Compound cures all Liver and Bilious diseases, purifies the blood, equalizes the circulation and restores to perfect health the enfeebled system. Farrant, Williams & Co., Agents, DETROIT.

Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. \$10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLET & Co., Portland, Maine. [v10-14]

MISS NELLY M. WHEDON,—TEACHER OF—**Vocal and Instrumental Music,** AT L. BABCOCK'S RESIDENCE, CHILSEA, Mich. On Wednesday's of each Week. Reference—New England Conservatory of Music, Boston, Mass. [v10-13m]

FRANK STAFFAN, UNDERTAKER! WOULD announce to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand, all sizes and styles of ready-made

COFFINS AND SHROUFS. Hears in attendance on short notice.
FRANK STAFFAN.

STONEWALL MINING COMPANY.
HUO PREYER, President.
A. C. EDWARDS, Vice-President.
C. C. BABCOCK, Secretary.
M. M. POMEROY, Treasurer.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE 433 LARIMER ST., DENVER, COLOREDADO.

The mines of this company, 4 in number, are situated near Crosson, on the line of the Denver & South Park Railroad, and 48 miles from Denver. This camp is considered one of the best in the State and its easy access certainly commends it to the favorable consideration of the public. The Stonewall Mining Company is organized under the laws of Colorado, and has an authorized capital of \$1,000,000 divided into 100,000 shares of \$10 each, and one share of \$100. The price of the stock is placed on a market of the present price per share or a discount of \$3 from the present value, thus enabling those who buy at once to derive the benefit notice in dividends, but also from its future price of stock which will be \$100. The mines of the Stonewall guarantee all true fissures, and once samples which they are worthy of pay postage, ten cents to the Secretary of the Company any visiting finally be given. Write at once for prospectus and orders for stock to PREYER, President, HARRY C. C. BABCOCK, Denver, Colorado, 433 Larimer Street, Colo.

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C. C. BABCOCK, Denver, Colorado, 433 Larimer Street, Colo.

Write at once for prospectus and orders for stock to PREYER, President, HARRY C. C. BABCOCK, Denver, Colorado, 433 Larimer Street, Colo.

I am now receiving new lines of
CLOTHS
—AND—
SUITINGS
FOR MENS' WEAR, OF THE
LATEST PATTERNS.
Please call and examine them.
ALSO A NEW LINE OF
Embroideries.
Thos. McKone.
Chelsea, Feb. 10, 1881. v-9-51

AT COST!
AT COST!!
ON AND AFTER FEB. 7th, 1881,
and until our Stock of
BOOTS & SHOES
GLOVES, MITTS & RUBBER
GOODS ARE
CLEARED OUT!!
We shall sell the same at COST, and many goods at MUCH LESS.
We have in hand an
ASSORTMENT
as can be found, and
BOUGHT VERY LOW!
which will give our patrons a double advantage. Come one and all, and avail yourselves of this desirable chance. Will take in exchange.
Wood and all kinds of Produce,
and will give an extra price for
A No. 1 BUTTER at ALL TIMES
[v9-35] DUTAND & HATCH.

REED'S
GILT EDGE
TONIC
IS A THOROUGH REMEDY
In every case of Malarial Fever or Fever and Ague, while for disorders of the Stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Indigestion and disturbances of the animal forces, which debilitate, it has no equal, and can have no substitute. It should not be confounded with riturated compounds of cheap spirits and essential oils, often sold under the name of Bitters.
FOR SALE BY
Druggists, Grocers and Wine Merchants everywhere. v8-43-1y

TOLLU
ROCK AND RYE
SURE CURE
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and All Diseases of THROAT and LUNGS.
Put up in Quarter-Size Bottles for Family Use.
Select the prepared of Babbam Tonic, Crystallized Bess Gandy, Old Kye, and other tonic. The Formula is known to our medical profession, and is highly commended. It is a positive cure for all the most prominent ailments of every kind. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLLU ROCK AND RYE will effect the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, and Consumption, in the most efficient and safe manner.
CAUTION. DON'T BE DECEIVED. Be sure you get the genuine. The only one which has the name TOLLU on the wrapper. The only one which is a SURE CURE. Ask your Druggist for it. Ask your Grocer for it. Ask your Wine Merchant for it. Children, ask your Mother for it.
Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere.
v9-14-8m.

REED'S GILT EDGE Tonic cures Dyspepsia. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic prevents Malaria. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic restores the appetite. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures Fever and Ague. v8-43-1y

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COFFINS AND SHROUFS. Hears in attendance on short notice.
FRANK STAFFAN.

He who enters for his belly much more than his back, is a fool. If Indigestion or Headache from indulgence arise, Spring Blossom cures all while the Remedy tries. Prices: \$1.50 cts, and trial bottles 10 cts. W. R. Reed & Co., v8-43-1y

M. C. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Train... 9:22 A. M.
Local Passenger... 9:50 A. M.
Way Freight... 10:35 P. M.
Grand Rapids Express... 10:52 P. M.
Jackson Express... 10:55 P. M.
Evening Express... 10:58 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express... 5:50 A. M.
Way Freight... 6:47 A. M.
Jackson Express... 8:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express... 10:07 A. M.
Mail Train... 4:40 P. M.

H. B. LEVYARD, Gen'l Supt, Detroit.
HENRY C. WENTWORTH, General Passenger and Ticket Ag't, Chicago.

Time of Closing the Mail.

Western Mail... 11:15 A. M., and 9:30 P. M.
Eastern Mail... 8:00 P. M., and 9:00 P. M.
Eastern... 10:00 A. M., 4:30, and 9:00 P. M.
Geo. J. Crowell, Postmaster.

The Chelsea Herald,
IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning, by
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 159, F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday evening, on or preceding each full moon.
Theo. E. Wood, Sec'y.

L. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge No. 85, L. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 6 1/2 o'clock at their Lodge room, Mill St., East.
G. E. Wright, Sec'y.

WASHTENAW ENCAMPMENT, NO. 17, T. O. F.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.
J. A. Palmer, Scribe.

R. M. SPEER,

DENTISTS.
(Formerly with D. C. Hawhurst, M. D.; D. D. S., of Battle Creek.)
ROOMS OVER HOLME'S DRY GOODS STORE,
CHELSEA, MICH. [10-23]

H. Kempf & Brother,

**BANKERS,
AND PRODUCE DEALERS,**
CHELSEA, MICH.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits.
Foreign Passage Tickets, to and from the Old Country, Sold.
Drafts Sold on all the Principal Towns of Europe.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency.

Money Loaned on First-Class Security, at Reasonable Rates.

Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.

Chelsea, March 25, 1880. v9-28-ly

GEO. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S.,
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST,
OFFICE OVER THE CHELSEA BANK,
CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13]

INSURANCE COMPANIES
REPRESENTED BY
WM. E. DEPREW.

Home, of New York, \$5,109,527
Hartford, 3,292,914
California, 4,690,000
American, Philadelphia, 1,296,661
Evan, of Hartford, 7,078,294
Fire Association, 4,165,716

Office: Over Kempf's Bank, Middle street, west, Chelsea, Mich.

It is cheaper to insure in these stalwarts, than in one horse company.

M. W. BURN,
DENTIST,
OFFICE OVER W. R. REND & CO'S STORE,
CHELSEA, MICH. [8-1]

Elgin Watches

DURAND & HATCH are intending to clear out their large stock of boots and shoes, groceries, etc., below cost for the next 30 days to make room for a larger stock of fresh goods. Don't you forget it—goods will almost be given away for ready cash. This is no humbug.

STILL ANOTHER WEEK—The Baptist Congregation of this village, will hold prayer meetings, every afternoon and evening during the week, commencing Monday. Rev. J. S. Boyden, of Kalamazoo, is assisting Elder Gay. Turn out ye sinners and get purified.

CHEER UP, Spring is near at hand, and cold dreary winter is nearly gone. The robins and the birds with their musical notes will enliven our hearts and make us think of the Great and His goodness in preserving our lives, and we may live and enjoy the pleasures of His world.

In the Washtenaw circuit, last year 78 chancery cases were commenced, 40 of them being for divorce. Divorce has not been granted in each instance, but in no case has one been denied. Don't this show a screw loose in public morals somewhere?—Ann Arbor Courier.

Married, and yet unhappy. How many a home has been robbed of sunshine and happiness and rendered sad and desolate by the loss of some dear and petted child. This is a dangerous season for children, and parents should keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup handy. Price 25 cents a bottle.

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Uncollected Letters.
LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, Feb. 1st, 1881:
Defner, Mr A.
Dixon, Mrs Emma
Guthrie, Mrs Alice
Hay, Mr
Higgins, Miss H.
Noble, Mrs Alice
Phillips, Miss Marian
Yolder, Edith
Persons, Mr George
Persons, Mrs Mary
Persons, Mrs Mary
Persons, Mrs Mary

PERSONAL EMPORIUM.
ED and FRANK would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity that they are now prepared to do all kind of work in their line, also keep on hand sharp razors, nice clean towels, and everything first-class to suit their customers. They are up to the limit, and can give you an easy shave and fashionable haircut. A share of the public patronage is solicited. Shop at C. S. Laird's Brick Block, Middle street west, Chelsea, Mich.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. THOS. HOLMES, D.D., Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

M. E. CHURCH.
Rev. J. L. HUDSON, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. Father DURO, Services every Sunday, at 8 and 10 1/2 A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Rev. Mr. METZGER. Services every alternate Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

OUR TELEPHONE.

NEXT Monday is St. Valentine's day. Beware.

WHEAT is on the downfall—down to 90 cents Tuesday.

COND WOOD is coming into market and find a ready sale at \$3.00 per cord.

LUCKY MEN say this has been the best season for many years for banking logs.

OUR readers will please take notice to the new dental card of R. M. Speer, on business column.

PERSONAL.—Miss Libbie Foster, of Jackson, is spending a few days with her friends in this vicinity.

THE Washtenaw County Bee-Keepers Association will meet at the Court House, Ann Arbor, Feb. 24th, 1881.

THE weather took quite a sudden change on last Monday. Sleighting is almost played out and a general thaw is in order.

THE past few months of snowy weather has been a hard one on railroad men. The snow-plow has had to be used a great many times.

THE Michigan State Treasury holds \$1,578,613 in cash—which is sufficient to pay the entire State debt, and leave a balance of \$265,932.

HUGGING sorrow is not the way to lessen it though, like the nettle, trouble stings less when it is firmly grasped and not feared.

PERSONAL.—Miss Foote returned to Chelsea last week and is now filling her position at the Union School.

THE number of tramps and paupers taken care of at the county house, for the year ending Feb. 1st, 1881, is given as 262, against 730 the year previous.

WE are having some fine weather in this vicinity, and the farmers seem to take an advantage of it. Last Saturday we counted 100 teams standing on our streets.

THE past week has been a bad one for engines upon our railroads. The cold weather makes the steel very brittle, and several instances of bad breaks have been reported.

Business Dilemma. A man suffering with a cough obliged to keep his room—a note to pay and no money in bank and not a single bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to be had for ten miles.

WE will pay until further notice, 19 cts per pound for unsalted butter delivered at our store.

WOOD BROS.
Chelsea, Dec. 30th, 1880.

GRASS LAKE NEWS:—The temperance revival at Jackson has added nearly 3000 members to the Red Ribbon club of that city. The meetings are still in progress.

Why don't the inhabitants of Chelsea follow suit.

A YOUNG man from the country went into one of our restaurants the other day, and remarking that "time was money" added, that as he had half an hour to spare, if the proprietor was willing, he would take it out in "pic."

WE see by our exchanges that it is the unanimous opinion of farmers that late sown wheat will be almost an entire failure, and many expect to have to plow up their crops. Early sown wheat appeared to be in excellent condition at the time of the late snow fall.

DURAND & HATCH are intending to clear out their large stock of boots and shoes, groceries, etc., below cost for the next 30 days to make room for a larger stock of fresh goods. Don't you forget it—goods will almost be given away for ready cash. This is no humbug.

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OBITUARY.
BROWN.—Died at his residence, of heart disease, January 31st, 1881, at fifteen minutes to eight, a. m., in the township of Lima, Washtenaw County, Michigan, CALK WHEELER BROWN, aged 66 years and 19 days.

He was one of the old puritan stock, possessing a good practical education, born at Sudbury, Massachusetts, August 19th, 1814, married at the age of 21 to Miss M. Barber, of Windham, Greene County, New York. Went into the cabinet business at Fisher's Falls, a short time, in the same state, moved and settled in Buffalo, and resumed his former business for a number of years as foreman of the shop. Delicate health forced him to resign his position, and he came west to Jackson, Mich., changing his occupation for a farmer. While in Jackson his family became broken up by the loss of a son, May 9th 1860, and his wife May 17th, 1865. In the fall of '65 moved to Waukegan, Ill., and invested in Mercantile pursuits. On the 15th day of April 1868, he married a Miss A. S. Maray, and immediately came back to Lima, Mich., and for the last 13 years has resided in the same town, weaving a network of endearments in the hearts of his fellow citizens. February the 3rd we met to pay the last tribute to our departed friend, now sleeping in the solemnity of death, the occasion is intensified when we remember that this is but a repetition of similar scenes, fresh in the memory of all. Death has been busy in our midst, and within a few weeks has marked for the tomb some of our best and honored citizens. As to his personal qualities developed as a man, all will bear a loving testimony to the gentle amenities which characterized his daily walk and conversation. His motto was, to always and conscientiously do his duty. He never lacked the courage to act according to his honest conviction, and in doing so, his acknowledged integrity of purpose never failed to shield him from unfriendly criticism. His personal characteristics were of the highest orders. He was a true gentleman a liberal citizen, an obliging neighbor and a sincere friend. No one among all his associates was more justly esteemed for those sterling, intellectual and social qualities; which bind men together in the closest bonds of confidence and sympathy, and he invariably attached to himself those who came within the circle of his intercourse. His best and most enduring monument, will be the lasting remembrance and unqualified respect of his fellow citizens. We mourn, but how weak is this expression, of those outward symbols of woe, compared with tears of heartfelt sorrow which flowed unrestrained down the cheeks of his beloved companion; who in his death sustained a personal bereavement, in the loss of a kind companion, a tender and loving husband, a sustainer and helper both in sickness and in health.

TO THE LADIES.—We wish to inform the ladies of this village, that Wood Bros. have just received some of the handsomest patterns of wall paper that has ever been in Chelsea. Now ladies you ought not to buy anywhere until you have seen this beautiful wall-paper. They sell cheaper than the cheapest.

There was a large attendance at the Red Ribbon hall, last Sunday afternoon, in this village, Miss Nellie Hoben, of Dexter, addressed the meeting. It is proposed until further notice, to take up a course of lectures. The subject for next Sunday afternoon, is "The rise and fall of Babylon and what interference had to do with it."

Our justice courts are doing a big business. Several "drunks" fines etc., reported.

Now is your time to clean off your side walks before they freeze again. Remember and do so.

Mr. EDITOR,—I want to just say a word or two, to those that chew tobacco in the house of God, I wish out of respect to the ladies and gentlemen, who do not use it, that they would spit it out, outside of doors, instead of spitting all over the church.

Yours in kindness,
JOHN R. GATES.

An exchange says:—"The Toronto World and some other of the leading Canada papers are advocating the establishment of the whipping post for the benefit of those husbands who beat their wives. For the wives who henpeck their husbands those papers offer no punishment."

We give the above credit; but think that some punishment ought to be given to those wives who henpeck their husbands.

MARRIED.—Mr. GEORGE A. BRIGGS, of Sylvan, to Miss J. DORA SARGENT, of Chelsea, were married at the residence of H. M. Woods, Esq., the home of the bride on Feb. 2nd, 1881, by Rev. Thos. Holmes, D.D. of Chelsea.

An abundance of cake was bestowed upon the printers, for which they return thanks. They also wish the young couple long life and every enjoyment in this world.

DR. R. M. SPEER, formerly with Dr. Wright, of this place, but for the past two years with Dr. Hawhurst, of Battle Creek, one of the leading and most thorough dentists in the State, has opened a dental office over Holmes' Dry Goods store, for the practice of his profession. Dr. Speer must be an excellent workman, as we have seen a letter from his former employer, Dr. H., offering him \$1000 for his services for the present year. He has fitted his office in city style, and has all the first class modern improvements for performing operations on both the natural and artificial teeth. We wish him success.

The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the Stonewall Mining Company, in another column; it is offered by men of national reputation, and commended as a safe, reliable and profitable investment. The mines of this Company will be opened in the early spring, when the immense treasury vaults will yield abundantly to the hand of labor and capitalist. The Company confidently expect to declare dividends upon the stock sold within a year of the date of such sale, of at least fifteen per cent. Apply for stock while it is offered at the initial price of \$2 per share, a discount of \$3 from the face value.

SUICIDE OF AN ANN ARBOR STUDENT.—Henry A. Fairbanks, of Petrolia, Ont., committed suicide at the Chandler House, in Ann Arbor, Mich., about midnight on Tuesday, of last week. He was 24 years of age and graduate of Toronto University. He had a large number of student friends in Ann Arbor, and made quite a visit there last June. In the autumn he returned and entered the Pharmacy Department of the University, and soon took rank as a very excellent student. Since the holiday vacation he has not been in attendance upon the University, and only recently made a prolonged visit to his home. There was a woman at the bottom of it.

OBTRUSIVE ADVERTISING.—It depends largely upon who it is that is advertised—the temper and feeling of the public toward the subject matter, whether the advertiser can afford to steal in upon the readers attention by the use of some favorite quotation—or riding in upon some current topic of discussion. Some advertisers have run against a fatal snag trying to imitate the method of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, Cough Syrup etc., in this class of advertising, meeting with disgust and rebuke. The fact is the advertiser, when he enters in this way the presence of the reader unbidden, must carry with him his own welcome, this unceremonious manner of approach pre-supposes a certain favoritism. A popular pastor of one of our city churches recently made allusion from the pulpit to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as illustrating how dear medicines even become to us when we know to alleviate the ills and ills of life. There must be truth and merit when the advertiser can shake hands with such high company.—Indianapolis Journal.

CHelsea Market.
CHELSEA, Feb. 10, 1881.
FLOUR, # cwt. \$2 75
WHEAT, White, # bu. 94
CORN, # bu. 20 25
OATS, # bu. 32
CLOVER SEED, # bu. 4 75
TIMOTHY SEED, # bu. 3 00
BEANS, # bu. 50 1 00
POTATOES, # bu. 40 50
APPLES, green, # bu. 60 00
do dried, # bu. 18 20
HONEY, # lb. 18
BUTTER, # lb. 08
POULTRY—Chickens, # lb. 07
LARD, # lb. 08
TALLOW, # lb. 05
HAMS, # lb. 08
SHOULDERS, # lb. 06
EGGS, # doz. 30
BEEF, live # cwt. 3 00
SHEEP, live # cwt. 3 00
HOGS, live # cwt. 5 00
do dressed # cwt. 8 00
Lard, # lb. 10 00
HAY, tame # ton. 5 00
do marsh, # ton. 5 00
SALT, # lb. 1 25
WOOL, # lb. 33 35
CRANBERRIES, # bu. 1 00 50

HOUSE FOR SALE.
THE undersigned will offer for sale his House and Lot situated on Main Street, north of railway.

FRANK McNAMARA.
Chelsea, Mich., Dec. 23rd, 1880. [9-w]

NOTICE.
Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM of McKONE & HEATLEY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the above firm will please call and settle at once.

**THOMAS McKONE,
HENRY V. HEATLEY.**
Chelsea, Jan. 24th, 1881.

The business will be carried on as usual at the old stand, in Klein's building, east-side Main St., Chelsea, where the undersigned will be happy to see all his old friends and customers, and extends a cordial invitation to all those who may not yet have visited him.

THOMAS McKONE.

PROBATE ORDER.
STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW,
In a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the twenty-ninth day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Present—William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Martha H. Royce, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Ora I. Royce and Estella A. Royce, praying that they may be appointed Administrators of the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twenty-eighth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
[A TRUE COPY.] Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTT,
Probate Register.

Probate Order.
STATE OF MICHIGAN,
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In a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the seventeenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Cullinane, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Cullinane, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that Frank Sweetland, or some other suitable person may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the fourteenth day of February next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

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NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

All Hattie Curtis of Fenton is going to Brazil, South America, for five years as a missionary.

Col. Curtenius of Kalamazoo has lost four children this winter by diphtheria.

A fire in Lady's block, Grand Rapids, Sunday night, destroyed property to the amount of \$80,000.

Late post office changes—Postmasters appointed—Christie, Mackinac county, W. B. Stephens; Onondaga, Ingham county, Pomeroy Van Riper.

A few evenings ago, in North Castler, Barry county, the house of H. M. Bloom was entered while he was absent, a young woman and a child were taken away.

The inter-oceanic committee has voted for a bill making the United States liable for the interest for 15 years at six per cent.

The New York Chicago and St. Louis rail road company has purchased the property of the Union and Atlantic and Pacific telegraph companies.

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An amendment fixing the price at \$3 an acre. The bill was introduced by the late senator.

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ing, on account of a leak caused by the ice. The crew of twenty and five passengers took to the boats and left the propeller Sunday afternoon.

The Canadian Pacific railway bill passed the Dominion house of commons, 138 to 49.

The floods in California are unprecedented in the memory of white settlers, and have done millions of dollars of damage.

The late severe snow storm prevailed over the entire north, blocking trains and for a while suspending some kinds of business.

There is an alarming increase of small-pox in New York city and it is also remarkably prevalent in Dakota.

The New York assembly has passed a bill to prevent the consolidation of telegraph companies.

The late flood in the Sacramento river culminated at Sacramento the water being within a foot and a half of the levees of that city.

The application of Rufus Hatch to a New York court, for an injunction to prevent the consolidation of telegraph lines has been refused.

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Spainiards and to insure his quiet possession of the "heavenly rum."

There does not seem to be room for the moral of this story.—N. Y. Times.

The machine, which was brought in to use in the early period of the French Revolution, is not altogether a modern invention.

Similar contrivances were in use in several parts of Europe during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, if not before.

According to Crusius, in his "Annales Svecici" (1595), such an instrument of decapitation existed in early times in Germany, but was superseded by the sword.

It was styled Fallbeil, falling hatchet. A representation of it may be seen in two engravings, the one by George Pele, who died in 1550; the other by Heinrich Aldegrever, bearing the date of 1553.

And also in an old picture, which, according to Heffenberg, is still preserved in the city hall of Augsburg.

It is a very interesting story, but unfortunately, the Captain of the ship happened to be alive, and had in his possession the log-book of the voyage on which the accident occurred.

He pointed out that in the lady's vision no allowance was made for the difference in latitude between the place where the young man was drowned and the vision was seen.

From this it resulted that the lady had seen her vision about three hours and a half before he died. This was a beautiful and apparently genuine vision.

There are many stories of the same general character as the one just mentioned, and there are many people who fully believe them, and accept their supernatural origin.

Old Capt. Doolittle, permatul origin. Old Capt. Doolittle, permatul origin. Old Capt. Doolittle, permatul origin.

On the night of the 18th of January, 1841, Capt. Doolittle was in about latitude 35° longitude 43° coming to the westward in the Thomas Barlow, with a cargo of fruit, wine, and such from Barcelona.

There was a fresh breeze from the south-south-west, and the ship was carrying all three top gallsails, and was hauled up close on a bowline, there being a nasty sea at the time, and the glass being low and falling slowly.

The Captain turned in early, directing the mate to call him at 12 o'clock, or sooner, if there should be any change in the weather.

While sleeping peacefully he saw in a vision a dismasted bark, with a number of people clinging to her main rigging.

He could not see the vessel's name, but by her build he took her to be a Spaniard, and he noticed that she was very low in the water.

Suddenly he heard a whisper in his ear: "Steer south-south-west a quarter south, which, naturally, awoke him.

He found to his surprise that he was alone and that the clock marked 11, and after wondering at the vividness of his dream he fell asleep again.

The dream was repeated, and when he was the second time awakened by the whispered direction to steer south-south-west a quarter south, he found the mate entering his state-room to notify him that eight bells had just struck.

As there was no change in the weather, he determined to take another nap, and to see if he could dream the same thing for the third time.

It was some time before he could get asleep, but when he succeeded, the vision returned, and just as he was awakened the third time by the ghostly whisper, the second mate came down to inform him that the wind had suddenly hauled to the north-west, and that the glass was going up.

Had there been no change in the wind, Capt. Doolittle would not have altered his course, but the sudden change which would enable him to steer south-south-west a quarter south with a nice beam wind decided him to follow the directions given to him in his sleep.

He issued the necessary orders, to the great astonishment of the second mate, who ventured to hint to his commander that he was running for Porto Rico, and was answered by a stern look, which overwhelmed that presumptuous mariner with confusion.

The ship was kept on her ghostly course until daylight, and the Captain was beginning to think that he had uselessly tarnished his reputation for good sense when a bark, which had lost her fore and main-masts, together with her main-topmast, was sighted.

It was obviously the vessel which the Captain had seen in his dream, and he shut up his telescope with a bang and remarked that he would be everlastingly glad to see her.

On hearing the wrecked Thomas Barlow was hoisted, and the Captain himself boarded the bark.

The people whom in his vision he had seen in the rigging were gone. There was not a soul on board the vessel, which was waterlogged, and had evidently been deserted for several days.

On examination, she was found to be a slaver on her voyage to the coast of Africa, and it was evident that the empty casks in her hold had kept her afloat.

All the casks, however, were not empty, for in an accessible position in her 'tween decks Capt. Doolittle found a cask of rum, which, he conveyed on board his ship, placed in his own cabin and found on trial to be the "most heavenly rum" that he had ever tasted.

To the day of his death Capt. Doolittle maintained that he was supernaturally led to the acquisition of that rum. He believed in the truth of his vision, and asserted that it was the most useful vision on record.

"Them Dags was drowned and squelched, and nothing could be seen of the discovery of the wreck had been nicely timed so to rid him of the burden of a company of shipwrecked men."

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Two small illicit distilleries have been broken up in Chicago and five "moonshiners" arrested. Moody and Sankey are meeting with great success in their evangelical work in San Francisco.

A series of terrible massacres and outrages by the Apaches in New Mexico and Arizona is reported by telegraph from Tucson.

The Twelzes colony, which was lynch in Burke county, Georgia, Thursday, it is supposed, because he refused to lock up two brothers in their recent murder trial.

The steamer St. Albans, bound from Milwaukee to London, foundered when about twenty miles out of Milwaukee Sunday morning.

THE LEGISLATURE.

January 31.—The violent storm has caused the trains to be late, and about thirty members of the house are absent.

A number of bills were introduced. Among the most prominent was one for an appropriation for the university, which calls for the following sums:

For the new library building, \$100,000; for the dental college, \$12,000; for a sewer, \$7,500; for the eye and ear hospital, \$10,000; for the mechanical hospital, \$2,500; for the homoeopathic hospital, \$1,000; for books for the library, \$10,000; to reimburse the general fund, \$10,000; to homoeopathic hospital, \$10,000; for the gymnasium, \$10,000.

These bills were passed. To change the name of the Michigan Academy of Science, from the Michigan and the Blind, omitting the word "Blind" therefrom; amending section 1 of the act for incorporating manufacturing companies; amending sections 511, 517 and 518 of the Michigan Laws. The senate held an evening session but nothing was done beyond the introduction of four new bills.

ENGLISH GRAIN MARKET.

London, January 31.—The Market Lane Express says: A wholesome check to the too rapid winter grain has materially improved the trade prospect both here and on the Continent.

The demand for breadstuffs, which was heightened by the severity of the weather, has been met by the winter grain stocks without difficulty. Trade is totally unimpaired. Spot prices have been maintained in London and the provinces in consequence of the smallness of supplies.

But trade was likely to show an excited and nervous character, and a large quantity of English wheat during the week, 3,294 qrs at 42s 6d, against 3,852 qrs at 45s 5d the corresponding week of last year.

Imported wheat from the kingdom for the week ending January 23, was 533,160 cwt of wheat and 286,228 cwt of flour.

FOREIGN.

The Boers fought with distinguished gallantry at the battle of Drakenburg, and the English suffered a heavy loss.

In the Portuguese chamber of deputies a motion was introduced proposing that Portugal mediate between England and the Boers.

Mr. Delessers reports that 70 negroes, 800 Europeans and doctors have been sent to the island of St. Helena to superintend the labor on a Panama canal.

A fire in Hamburg has destroyed the larger portion of a silk factory insured for 1,400,000 marks, mostly in English companies.

A MULE'S KICK.

Old-time "Jeeves, I see to you for 'nunner times 'bout foolin' round de rudder ob dat mule, an' some o' dese days dar's gwine to be a foamer fo'm our house, an' you'll ride in de dust wagon in derperfusion.

You ain't no mo' feared of a mule dan a blind cow is ob a cocked boss pistol. 'Gwain fo'm dar, boy, I tell you, 'gway—dar, now—' and the mule let fly with both hind legs and lifted Jim about fifteen feet in the air, turning handsprings, and when he came down he hit running, but was picked up and hauled home on a dry to his mudder.

VICTIONS.

In one of our magazines there recently appeared the story of a vision seen by a lady in New-England. She dreamed that a young man who was at the time at sea had fallen overboard and was drowned.

In her vision she saw the whole scene, heard the shriek of the falling sailor, and saw his shipmates hurriedly launch a boat and try in vain to save him. Soon after, she learned that at the very hour of her dream the young man had actually fallen overboard and lost his life.

It was a very interesting story, but unfortunately, the Captain of the ship happened to be alive, and had in his possession the log-book of the voyage on which the accident occurred.

He pointed out that in the lady's vision no allowance was made for the difference in latitude between the place where the young man was drowned and the vision was seen.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Table with columns: GOING WEST, GOING EAST, Station, Day, Time, etc. Lists routes to Detroit, Grand Rapids, and other Michigan cities.

His War Record.

"They war reminiscences of yours is mighty interesting," piped a little man from behind the stove, as a sort of silence fell on the rest of the loungers. "They remind me of when I was in command of the confederate forces at Vicksburg."
"The crowd unlimbed itself and gazed admiringly at the little man. "And were you in the reb—confederate service?" asked a one-legged man. "I was," modestly conceded the man behind the stove. "Don't you remember when the one hundred and fourth Florida cavalry charged your outworks on the second slope, and you all took your rifle pits to the rear?"
They all admitted they had been in the Army of the Potomac. "It seems to me," said the little man to the one-legged man, "strikes me your face is familiar. Don't you remember when the Second Georgia broke your left at Cold-Harbor? Wasn't you acting aide-de-camp for General Key-nolds?"
"No," hesitated the one-legged man, poking the fire with uneasy vigor. "These other gentlemen must remember it," suggested the little man warming with his subject.
"Not one of them was there. "But one of you must have been in the Shenandoah when my division of Lee's army checked your advance and the One Hundred and Twenty-first North Carolina held you during that Friday night."
A man who had been whittling a shingle got up and went out. The rest lounged up to the counter and asked what time the Eagle was published? "Say," continued the little man, catching the one-legged man by the sleeve as the rest made for the door, "you must have been at Gettysburg, and you must have seen me when I charged your right and turned you back toward the cemetery."
"Let me see," fidgetted the one-legged man, "was that the first or second day?"
"That was the second day," responded the little man, quivering with excitement. "I wasn't in the second day's fight," said the one-legged man, helplessly. "Then you must recollect my artillery charge on the first day, when I broke your center?" shouted the little man, clutching nervously at the other's coat.
"No, I—I was on a furlough, I wasn't there!" shrieked the one-legged man.
"Where'd you lose your leg?" howled the little man, what battle was you in? "I wasn't in any," moaned the one-legged man. "I lost my leg on a buzz saw," and he went left precipitantly. "Strange," muttered the little man, as he filled his pipe. "When you come to figure down these here war reminiscences they all didn't happen. I haven't been outside of Brooklyn for going on forty years, and there wasn't one of them fellows but thought I was Stonewall Jackson," and the little man bombarded his stomach with a slug of Kentucky whisky and planted himself for the next bar-room soldier.—Brooklyn Eagle.

"THE MOQUIS.—The Moquis Indians of Arizona, numbering seventeen hundred, live in seven villages on the top of three cliffs or headlands that rise more than six hundred feet above the plain. Why these chosen unhandy places is a mystery. On reaching the villages says a recent visitor, one finds oneself on a flat ledge of bare rock, which extends out from the main table near a mile in length and from ten to perhaps three hundred feet in width. The sides are almost perpendicular. The most populous of these villages, Wal-lap-i, on the extreme end of the rock, where the width is not over hundred feet. The water for all purposes is carried on the backs of men and women from a spring near the foot of the mountain, a distance nearly a mile, while the wood is brought eight miles. Here these people have lived longer than they can tell, ever from their traditions and hitherto have been averse to a change of location not withstanding the difficulty of obtaining their necessary supplies and the distance from their fields and herds.